

XX Clark TG, Dickerson HW, Lin T;
XX PI: XX DR: XX WPI: 2000-50607145.
XX Novel i-antigen polypeptides and polynucleotides from *Ichthyophthirius*
XX *multifiliis*, useful for prophylaxis and treatment of *Ichthyophthirius*
XX infection in fish -
XX Example 5; Figure 2b; 144pp; English.
XX
XX This invention relates to novel i-antigen polypeptide sequences.
XX I-antigens or immobilisation antigens are common to a variety of
XX hamenostomatid ciliates and their expression varies in response to
XX environmental stimuli. This invention relates to i-antigens in
XX *Ichthyophthirius multifiliis*, a protozoan which is an obligate parasite
XX of freshwater fish causing *ichthyophthiriasis* or white spot disease. The
XX invention includes two polypeptide and polynucleotide sequences for two
XX i-antigens, of 48 and 55 kD. Also included in the invention are
XX antibodies capable of binding to the nucleotide sequences and a method
XX for identifying *I. multifiliis* serotypes using the nucleotide sequences
XX A composition (containing the i-antigen nucleotide) capable of eliciting
XX an immune response in fish is useful for prophylaxis, treatment or for
XX controlling *I. multifiliis* infection in fish. Polynucleotide or protein
XX vaccines comprising a portion of the amplified product encoding an
XX antigenic i-antigen polypeptide obtained is also useful for treating or
XX preventing *I. multifiliis* infection in fish. Sequences AAA97036-A97042,
XX AAA97060, AAA97065 and AAA97089 represent i-antigen nucleotides and gene
XX fragments identified in the invention. Sequences AA97043-A97064
XX (excluding AA97060), and AAA97071-A97088 represent primers used in the
XX isolation of the i-antigen gene sequences. Sequences AA25893-B25895 in the
XX *Ichthyophthirius* i-antigen protein and peptide sequences.
XX

Query	Match	Score	1410	DB	21	Length	1410;
SQ	Sequence 1410 BP;	100.0%	1410;	DB	21;	Length	1410;
Best Local Similarity	321 A; 418 C; 339 G; 332 T; 0 other;	100.0%	1410;	DB	21;	Length	1410;

Immobilisation antigen: i-antigen; ichthyophthiriasis; vaccine; ds;
white spot disease; freshwater fish; immune response; infection control.
Ichthyophthirius multifiliis.
Synthetic.

WO200046373-A1.
10-AUG-2000.
04-FEB-2000; 2000WO-US02962.
04-FEB-1999; 99US-0118634.
02-MAR-1999; 99US-0122372.
17-MAR-1999; 99US-0124905.
27-APR-1999; 99US-0131121.

(UYGE-) UNIV GEORGIA RES FOUND INC.
(CORR) CORNELL RES FOUND INC.
(CLAR) CLARK T G.
(DICK) DICKERSON H W.
(LINT) LIN T.

Clark TG, Dickerson HW, Lin T;
WPI; 2000-506071/45.
Novel i-antigen polypeptides and polynucleotides from Ichthyophthirius multifiliis, useful for prophylaxis and treatment of Ichthyophthirius infection in fish -
infection in fish -
Claim 5; Page 102; 144pp; English.
This invention relates to novel i-antigen polypeptide sequences. I-antigens or immobilisation antigens are common to a variety of hymenoptomatid ciliates and their expression varies in response to environmental stimuli. This invention relates to i-antigens in Ichthyophthirius multifiliis, a protozoan which is an obligate parasite of freshwater fish causing ichthyophthiriasis or white spot disease. The invention includes two polypeptide and polynucleotide sequences for two i-antigens of 48 and 55 kD. Also included in the invention are antibodies capable of binding to the nucleotide sequences and a method for identifying I. multifiliis serotypes using the nucleotide sequences. A composition (containing the i-antigen nucleotide) capable of eliciting an immune response in fish is useful for prophylaxis, treatment or for controlling I. multifiliis infection in fish. Polynucleotide or protein vaccines comprising a portion of the amplified product encoding an antigenic i-antigen polypeptide obtained is also useful for treating or preventing I. multifiliis infection in fish. Sequences AAA97036-A97042, and AAA97060, AAA97065 and AAA97089 represent i-antigen genes and gene fragments identified in the invention. Sequences AAA97043-A97064 (excluding AAA97060 and AAA97071-A97088 represent primers used in the isolation of the i-antigen gene sequences. Sequences AB25859-B25898 and AB25893-B25906 represent i-antigen protein and peptide sequences.

Qy	961	GGAGCTTACCAACTACTAGTGTATCCCTGAGACCGAGTGTCTGAAACTGCTGCTTAACCTCTAC	1020
Ds	961	GGAGCTTACCAACTACTAGTGTATCCCTGAGACCGAGTGTCTGAAACTGCTGCTTAACCTCTAC	1020
Qy	1021	TTCGACGGAAACAACTTCCAGGCTGGATCTCTCGTGTAGGCTGTAGCTGTAACTGCTACAG	1080
Ds	1021	TTCGACGGAAACAACTTCCAGGCTGGATCTCTCGTGTAGGCTGTAGCTGTAACTGCTACAG	1080
Qy	1081	GTGAGGGAGCTGTGGTACCCCTGGAAACGGTACCCGTGATGCTCAGTGCTGTCTG	1140
Ds	1081	GTGAGGGAGCTGTGGTACCCCTGGAAACGGTACCCGTGATGCTCAGTGCTGTCTG	1140
Qy	1141	GAGGTCTCTGCTGAAACCGAACCCCTTACCTACAAGGAGGGCTGCT	1200
Ds	1141	GAGGTCTCTGCTGAAACCGAACCCCTTACCTACAAGGAGGGCTGCT	1200
Qy	1201	TCTGAGTGTGAAGTGTGCTTAACCTCTAACCCGACGGCTGCT	1260
Ds	1201	TCTGAGTGTGAAGTGTGCTTAACCTCTAACCCGACGGCTGCT	1260
Qy	1261	GGATCGACACCTGTACCTCTGTAAACAAGGTGACCTCTGGAGCTGAGGCTAACCTCTG	1320
Ds	1261	GGATCGACACCTGTACCTCTGTAAACAAGGTGACCTCTGGAGCTGAGGCTAACCTCTG	1320
Qy	1321	CTTGAGTGTGCTTAAGAAACATCCAGTGTGACTTCGCTTAACCTCTCTG	1380
Ds	1321	CTTGAGTGTGCTTAAGAAACATCCAGTGTGACTTCGCTTAACCTCTCTG	1380
Qy	1381	CTTCGTATCTCTTACCTCTAACCTCTG	1404
Ds	1381	CTTCGTATCTCTTACCTCTAACCTCTG	1404

Db	601	AATACCTCTTCATCCAGGTAATAAGTTAATGCCACACCTTGTCGCCAATTAACCTGCT	660
Qy	661	AACCTGGCTCAGGCTACCCCTGGAAACGAGCTACATACCCCTCAGTGTAACTGGCT	720
Db	661	AACCTGGCTTAAGCTACTTATGGTAAATGATGCTACAATACCCCTAATGTTAACGTTGCA	720
Qy	721	TGCTCTGAGGAAACCATCTCTGCTGGAGTGAACAATCTGGTGGCTAGAACACCCAG	780
Db	721	TGCTCTGAGGTAATAAGTGTGTGGTAGTAAATAATGGTAGCACAAACACTGAAAC	780
Qy	781	TGCTACCACTGTGCTCTTAACCTCTACAAACAAACGCTCTTAACCTGAAAC	840
Db	781	TGCTACCAATTGTGCTCTTAACCTTACAAATAATAGTCGCTTAACTCAGGTAAT	840
Qy	841	TCTACCTGTGCTCTGCTCTGCTTAACAGGACTACGGAGCTGGAGGTACCCGGTGGAGA	900
Db	841	AGTACATGCTTACCTTGCCCACCAAATAAGATATGGTCCTGAAGGCACTGGGGTT	900
Qy	901	GCTGGTACCCGTGCTTAAGCAGTGAATCCGCTTCTGACGGAAACCGCTATGCCCT	960
Db	901	GCGCTACTTTAGCCAAATAATGCTATATGCTGCCCTGATGCTACTGCAATGCTAGT	960
Qy	961	GGAGCAACTAACATGGTACGTTGCAAGCAGGAGTGGCTGAACCTGCTAACCTCTAC	1020
Db	961	GGAGCAACTATAATGTAATTTAAACAGAATGCTAAATTGTCGCTAACCTTAT	1020
Qy	1021	TTCGCGGGAAACAACTCCAGGTGGATCTCTCGCTTAAGGCTTGTCTGCTAACAG	108
Db	1021	TTGTGTTGTAATAATTCTAGGGAGGAGTAGTGTGCAAAAGGATGCTCAGGAATATAA	108
Qy	1081	GTGCGGGAGCTGGCTTGCTTACCGGTGACCCCTGATCGCTAACGTGCTCTGCT	114
Db	1081	GTTAAGGGCCTGTAGCAACTGGTGGTAACTGCTTAATGCTATAATGGCCCTT	114
Qy	1141	GAGTGTCTGTGAAACCTGTGACCGGAGCAACCCCTACCTACAAAGCAGCTGCT	120
Db	1141	GATGCGCTCTGTGACTGTACTCACCGATGAAACACATCTACCTATAATAGCAGCA	120
Qy	1201	TCTGACTGTGTGAAAGTGTCTTAACCTCTCAACCCAGCAGACCTGCTGGCT	126
Db	1201	TCTGAAATGTGTTAAATGCTGCCAACCTTTATACCTACAAATAAACGTATGGTAGCA	126
Qy	1261	GGATGTGACACTCTGACCCCTGTAACAGAGCTGACCTCTGAGCTGAGCTAACCTG	132
Db	1261	GCTATGATGATGACTGTACTGTGTTAATAAAATTAACCTCTGGGCTGAAAGCTAAATT	132
Qy	1321	CCTGACTCTGTGAAAGAACATTCAGTGTACTTCGCTAACTCTGGTCTATCTCTCG	138
Db	1321	CTGAAATGTGTTAAATGCTGCCAACCTTTATACCTACAAATAAACGTATGGTAGCA	138
Qy	1381	CAGCTGATCTCTACTACCTGTGTTAAATAATGATGTTGATTCGCTAAATTCTCTTA	1410
Db	1381	CTGAAATGTGTTAAATAATGATGTTGATTCGCTAAATTCTCTTA	1410

XX	04 - FEB -2000;	2000WO-US02962.
PF		
XX	04 - FEB -1999;	99US-0118634.
PR	02 - MAR -1999;	99US-0122372.
PR	17 - MAR -1999;	99US-0124905.
PR	27 - APR -1999;	99US-0131121.
XX	PA (UYGE-) UNIV GEORGIA RES FOUND INC.	
PA (CORR) CORNELL RES FOUND INC.		
PA (CLAR/) CLARK T G.		
PA (DICK/) DICKERSON H W.		
PA (LINT/) LIN T.		
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XX	DR WPI; 2000-506071/45.	
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PT multifiliis, useful for prophylaxis and treatment of Ichthyophthirius		
PT infection in fish -		
XX	PS Claim 5; Figure 3; 144pp; English.	
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CC CC of freshwater fish causing ichthyophthiriasis or white spot disease. The		
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CC CC vaccines comprising a portion of the amplified product encoding an		
CC CC antigenic i-antigen polypeptide obtained is also useful for treating or		
CC CC preventing I. multifiliis infection in fish. Sequences AA97036-A97042,		
CC CC and AA97066, AA97065 and AA97089 represent i-antigen genes and gene		
CC CC fragments identified in the invention. Sequences AA97043, AA97064,		
CC CC (excluding AA97060) and AA97071-A97088 represent primers used in the		
CC CC isolation of the i-antigen gene sequences. Sequences PAB25559-P25889 and		
CC CC AA925893-B29096 represent i-antigen protein and peptide sequences.		
XX	SQ Sequence 1404 BP; 447 A; 240 C; 257 G; 460 T; 0 other;	
XX	Query Match 55.5%; Score 782.6; DB 21; Length 1404;	
XX	Best Local Similarity 72.5%; Pred. No. 9.6e-216;	
XX	Matches 1013; Conservative 0; Mismatches 384; Indels 0; Gaps 0;	
Qy	1 ATGAGAACAAACATCCCTGGTGTACCTGTATCATCTCTGTTCAACAGCAGTAAGCTT	60
Db	1 ATGAAAATTAATTTATGTTAATTTGTTAATTTGTTATTTATTAATTAATTAATCT	60
Qy	61 GCTAACTCTGCTGGAAACCGGAGACCAACACCGCTGGACAGGTGGACGCCCTGGAAACC	120
Db	61 GCTTAATTCTCCCTGGAACTGAAACTAACATACAGCCGATAAGTGTATGATCTAGAACT	120
Qy	121 CCTGCTAATCTGTGTGAACTGTGTAGAAAGAACACTCTACTAACAAAGCTGTGCTTC	180
Db	121 CCTGCAAAATCTGTGTAAATGTGTAAATGTTAATTTATTAATTAATCTGTGCTTC	180
Qy	181 CCTGGAGCTTCACTGTTACCTGTTACCTGTTACCTGTTACCTGTTACCTGTTAC	240
Db	181 CCTGGTGTAGTAGCTGTACACTGTTACCTGTTACCTGTTACCTGTTACCTGTTAC	240
Qy	241 CCTGCTGCTTACCCGTTAACCTGGTACCCAGTGTAACTGAAGTGTCTGGTGAACCGCT	300
Db	241 CCACCTGCTACTGCTTAATTTAGTCATTAATGTAACCTTAATGCTCTGGTACCGCA	300
Qy	301 ATCGCTGGAGGAGCTACCGACTAACGCTTACATCACGAGTGTGNGAACTGTGCCATC	360

301	Db	ATTCAGGGCAACAGATTATGCACTAACAGATAATTCAGAATGTTAATTGAGAATT	360
361	Qy	AACTCTAACAGGAACGCTCTTCACTTCAACGCTGACCTCTACCTGTAACCTGTTG	420
361	Db	AATTCTTATAATGAAATGCAACAAATTCTTAATGAGGTCTGACAGCTGCTG	420
421	Qy	CTGTGACCGGGTGGGAGGACTCTGACCCCTGAAACCGTGTACCATCTGGCTCAG	480
421	Db	CGGTAAACAGATGGTGGCATGACTGCTGTAATGCCGACCATAGTCATAA	480
481	Qy	TGTAACCTGGCTTGTCTTACCGGAACCGCTCTGGACGAGACTACCGTACCGT	540
481	Db	TGTAACCTCGATGTCCTACTGGTACTGCACTGTGATGAGTACTGTTATGTT	540
541	Qy	CGCTTTCACCGGAGCTGTGTAAGGCTGCTGACTCTACTAACCGAAACACGGA	600
541	Db	AGATCACTCACAGATGGTAAATCTAGACTTACTTTACTTAATGTTATGTT	600
601	Qy	ACACCCCTTCAACCCCTGGAAAGCTCACTGTTACCTGTTACAGCTGCT	660
601	Db	AATACTCTTCAATCCAGGTTAAAGTTAATGCAACCTGTCCGGCAATTAAACCTG	660
661	Qy	AACGTGGCTCAGGTAACCCCTGGAAACGAGCCTAACATCACGCTCAGTGTTG	720
661	Db	ATGTGCTTAAGCTTACTTGTAGTAAATGCTTAATGCGATAATGTAACGGT	720
721	Qy	TGTCCTGACGAAACATCTGCTGGAGTGAACACTGGTGGCTGAAACACCGAG	780
721	Db	TGCGCATGATGTCATTAAGTGCTGCTGTGGTAAATATGGTGGAGCAGAAC	780
781	Qy	TGTACCAACTGTGCTTCAACTCTTCAACAAACAGCTCTAACCTAACCGCT	840
781	Db	TGTACAAATTGTGCTCTTACTTTCAATAATATGCTCTTAATCCAGTAAAT	840
841	Qy	TCTACCTGTCGCCCTGTCCCTGCTAACAGACTAACATGCTGAGGAGCTGAGGA	900
841	Db	AGTACATGCCCTACCTGTGCCAGCAATAAAAGATTTGCTGCCCTGATGTC	900
901	Qy	GCTGCPACCTCTGGCTAACAGCTGTAACATGCTGCTGAGAACCCCTATGCTCT	960
901	Db	GCCGCACTTAAGCAAAATTTGCAATGCTGCTGAGGCCACTGCTGAGGTG	960
961	Qy	GGAGCTAACCTGCTGCTGAGGACCGAGTCTGCTGAGTCTGCTAACCTT	1020
961	Db	GGAGCAACTTAACTTAAAGATGCTAAATGCTAAATGCTGCTAACCTTT	1020
1021	Qy	TTCGAGGGAAACAAACTTCCAGGGCTGGATCTGCTGAGGCTAACCTGACAG	1080
1021	Db	TTGAGGTTAAATCTAGGCAAGAAAGTAGTACATGCAAGGATGTGCTAACCTT	1080
1081	Qy	GTGCAAGGAGCTGGCTAACGGCTGGAGACCGGTACCCGTATGCTGAGT	1140
1081	Db	GTTTAAGGGCTGGTGAACACTGCAAGTGTACTGCTAACATGAAAC	1140
1141	Qy	TCTGAGTGTGTCAGGTGCTGCTAACACCAAGGAACCACTTACATGCTG	1200
1141	Db	TCTGAAATGCTGTTAAATGTCGTCACCTTAACTACAAATAAACTGATG	1200
1201	Qy	GGATCGACACTGTAACCTGTAACAGAAGTGAACCTCTGGCTGAGGCTA	1260
1201	Db	GGTAAATGATCATGTAACCTGTAACAAATAAACTGATGTTGTAACCA	1260
1261	Qy	CTGAGTGTGCTGTAACCTGTAACAGAAGTGAACCTCTGGCTGAGGCTA	1320
1261	Db	GAATGCCCTGCTGGTACTGTAACCTGTAACATGAAAC	1320
1321	Qy	CCTGAGTGTGCTGTAACAGAAGTCAACAGTCTGACTCTGCTCTG	1380
1321	Db	CCTGAAATCTGCTAAAAAATATAATGTTATGCTTAATTTCCTAAATT	1380
1381	Qy	CTGCTGATCTCTACTA	1397

RESULT 6	AAA52136	AAA52136 standard; DNA: 1400
XX	AAA52136;	
AC		
XX		
DT	04-DEC-2000	(first entry)
XX		
DE	55 kDa 1-antigen gene.	
XX		
KW	BRU1; beta-tubulin; protein	
KW	pacilatide sensitivity; cell	
KW	live vaccine; Ichthyophthirius	
KW	1-antigen; freshwater; fish;	
XX		
OS	<i>Ichthyophthirius multifiliis</i>	
XX		
FH	Location/Qual	
FT	1..1404	
CDS	/*tag= a	
FT	/codon= (see	
FT	/product= 55	
FT	/partial	
XX		
PN	WO2000046381-A1.	
XX		
PD	10-AUG-2000.	
XX		
PF	04-FEB-2000; 2000WO-US02966	
XX		
PR	04-FEB-1999; 99US-0118634	
PR	02-MAR-1999; 99US-0122372	
PR	17-MAR-1999; 99US-0124905	
PR	27-APR-1999; 99US-0131121	
XX		
PA	(UYGE-1) UNIV GEORGIA RES FOU	
PA	(GAER/) GAERTIG J.	
PA	(DICK/) DICKERSON H. W.	
PA	(CLAR/) CLARK T. G.	
XX		
P1	Gaertig J, Dickerson HW, Clark T G.	
XX		
DR	WPI: 2000-514962/46.	
DR	P-PSDB, AAY97177.	
XX		
PR	Recombinant expression system	
PR	acids and producing recombinant	
PR	protozoa such as 'tetrahymenah	
XX		
PS	Disclosure: F1.9 3B; 83PP; En	
XX		
CC	<i>Tetrahymena thermophila</i> expr	
CC	(CC Bru2), which encode identical	
CC	genes (but not both at once) in	
CC	the cell phenotype. A K15	
CC	protein confers increased re-	
CC	sensitivity to the cold region	
CC	and increased sensitivity to	
CC	cells carrying the Btu1-K15	
CC	paromycin) for that of Btu1,	
CC	and for positive selection.	
CC	CC encoding antigenic polypept	
CC	successful cell-surface expr	
CC	selection. Preferred express	
CC	CC substituting the coding region	
CC	CC paromycin) for that of Btu1,	
CC	CC and for positive selection.	
CC	CC encoding antigenic polypept	
CC	CC successful cell-surface expr	
CC	CC selection. Preferred express	

transgenic host. Transgenic ciliated protozoa are useful as live vaccines for stimulating an immune response in a vertebrate. The transgenic protozoan host cells are also useful for producing polyclonal antibodies (claimed). In particular, *Tetrahymena* expressing *Ichthyophthirius multifiliis* immobilization-antigen (i-antigen) protein on their surface are effective vehicles for vaccination of freshwater fish against infection by *I. multifiliis*.

DR	PR	17-MAR-1999;	99US-0124905.
XX	PR	27-APR-1999;	99US-0131121.
PT	PA	(UYGE-) UNIV GEORGIA RES FOUND INC.	
PT	PA	(CORR) CORNELL RES FOUND INC.	
XX	PA	(CLAR/ CLARK T G.	
PS	PA	(DICK/ DICKERSON H W.	
XX	PA	(LINT/ LIN T.	
CC	PI	Clark TG, Dickerson HW, Lin T;	
CC	DR	WPI: 2000-050071/45.	
CC	XX	Novel i-antigen polypeptides and polynucleotides from Ichthyophthirius	
CC	PT	multifiliis, useful for prophylaxis and treatment of Ichthyophthirius	
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XX	XX	Disclosure: Figure 12: 144pp; English.	
CC	CC	This invention relates to novel i-antigen polypeptide sequences.	
CC	CC	i-antigens or immobilisation antigens are common to a variety of	
CC	CC	hymenostomatid ciliates and their expression varies in response to	
CC	CC	environmental stimuli. This invention relates to i-antigens in	
CC	CC	Ichthyophthirius multifiliis, a protozoan which is an obligate parasite	
CC	CC	of freshwater fish causing ichthyophthiriasis or white spot disease. The	
CC	CC	invention includes two polypeptide and polynucleotide sequences for two	
CC	CC	i-antigens, of 48 and 55 kd. Also included in the invention are	
CC	CC	antibodies capable of binding to the nucleotide sequences and a method	
CC	CC	for identifying I. multifiliis serotypes using the nucleotide sequences.	
CC	CC	A composition (containing the i-antigen nucleotide) capable of eliciting	
CC	CC	an immune response in fish is useful for prophylaxis, treatment or for	
CC	CC	controlling I. multifiliis infection in fish. Polynucleotide or protein	
CC	CC	vaccines comprising a portion of the amplified product encoding an	
CC	CC	antigenic i-antigen polypeptide obtained is also useful for treating or	
CC	CC	preventing I. multifiliis infection in fish. Sequences AAA97036-A97042,	
CC	CC	and AAA97050, AAA97055 and AAA97089 represent i-antigen genes and gene	
CC	CC	fragments identified in the invention. Sequences AAA97043-A97064	
CC	CC	(excluding AAA97060) and AAA97071-A97088 represent primers used in the	
CC	CC	isolation of the i-antigen gene sequences. Sequences AAB25859-B25889 and	
CC	CC	AAB25893-B25906 represent i-antigen protein and peptide sequences.	
XX	XX	Sequence 138: 30 A: 42 G: 22 C: 27 T:	
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CC	CC	i-antigens, of 48 and 55 kd. Also included in the invention are	
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CC	CC	for identifying I. multifiliis serotypes using the nucleotide sequences.	
CC	CC	Sequence 138: 30 A: 42 G: 22 C: 27 T:	

RESULT 8
AA97076/c
AAA97076 standard; DNA; 123 BP.
X
AAA97076;
C
1B-DEC-2000 (first entry)
X
G5 synthetic gene synthesis primer 3206.

immobilisation antigen; i-antigen; ichthyophthiriasis; vaccine; white spot disease; freshwater fish; immune response; infection control; PCR primer; ss.

Synthetic.

WO200046373-A1.

10-AUG-2000.

04-FEB-2000; 2000WO-US02962.

04-FEB-1999; 99US-0118634.
02-MAR-1999; 99US-0122372.

RESULT 9
AAA97071
ID AAA97071 standard; DNA; 117 BP.
XX
AC AAA97071;
XX
DT 18-DEC-2000 (first entry)
XX
DE G5 synthetic gene synthesis primer 3201.
XX
KW Immobilisation antigen; i-antigen; ichthyophthiriasis; vaccine; white spot disease; freshwater fish; immune response; infection control; PCR primer; ss.
KW KW
KW KW

SQ Sequence 100 BP; 22 A; 17 C; 32 G; 29 T; 0 other;
 Query Match 7.1%; Score 100; DB 21; Length 100;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 5.9e-19;
 Matches 100; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 OY 753 GAAACACTGGGTGGCTAGAACACCGAGTGATACCAACTCTACACAA 812
 DB 100 GAAACACTGGGTGGCTAGAACACCGAGTGATACCAACTCTACACAA 41
 OY 813 CAACGCTCCTAACCTGAAACTACCTGTCTG 852
 DB 40 CAACGCTCCTAACCTGAAACTACCTGTCTG 1

RESULT 1.3
 AAA97077
 ID AAA97077 standard; DNA; 99 BP.
 XX AAA97077;
 AC AAA97077;
 XX DT 18-DEC-2000 (first entry)
 DE G5 synthetic gene synthesis primer 3207.
 XX G5 synthetic gene synthesis primer 3207.
 KW Immobilisation antigen; i-antigen; ichthyophthiriasis; vaccine;
 KW white spot disease; freshwater fish; immune response; infection control;
 KW PCR primer; ss.
 XX OS Synthetic.
 XX PN WO200046373-A1.
 XX PD 10-AUG-2000.
 XX PF 04-FEB-2000; 2000WO-US02962.
 XX PR 04-FEB-1999; 99US-0118634.
 PR 02-MAR-1999; 99US-0122372.
 PR 17-MAR-1999; 99US-0124905.
 PR 27-APR-1999; 99US-0131121.
 XX (UYGE-) UNIV GEORGIA RES FOUND INC.
 PA (CORR) CORNELL RES FOUND INC.
 PA (CLAR/) CLARK T G.
 PA (DICK/) DICKERSON H W.
 PA (LINT/) LIN T.
 XX PI Clark TG, Dickerson HW, Lin T;
 XX DR WPI; 2000-506071/45.
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 CC and AAA97060, AAA97065 and AAA97089 represent i-antigen genes and gene
 CC fragments identified in the invention. Sequences AAA97043-A97064
 CC (excluding AAA97060) and AAA97071-A97088 represent primers used in the
 CC isolation of the i-antigen gene sequences. Sequences AAB25839-B25889 and
 CC AAB25893-B25906 represent i-antigen protein and peptide sequences.
 XX SQ Sequence 99 BP; 27 A; 29 C; 21 G; 22 T; 0 other;
 XX Query Match 7.0%; Score 99; DB 21; Length 99;
 XX Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.1e-18;
 XX Matches 99; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 532 GACTACGTGCGCTCTTCACCGACTGTGAAAGTGCCTGAACTCTACTACACCGA 591
 DB 1 GACTACGTGCGCTCTTCACCGAGTGTGAAAGTGCCTGAACTCTACTACACCGA 60
 QY 592 ACAACGGAAACACCCCTTCACCCCTGAAAGTGCAG 630
 DB 61 AACAAACGGAAACACCCCTTCACCCCTGAAAGTGCAG 99

RESULT 1.4
 AAA97074/c
 ID AAA97074 standard; DNA; 95 BP.
 XX AAA97074;
 AC AC
 XX DT 18-DEC-2000 (first entry)
 DE G5 synthetic gene synthesis primer 3204.
 XX KW Immobilisation antigen; i-antigen; ichthyophthiriasis; vaccine;
 KW white spot disease; freshwater fish; immune response; infection control;
 KW PCR primer; ss.
 XX OS Synthetic.
 XX PN WO200046373-A1.
 XX PD 10-AUG-2000.
 XX PF 04-FEB-2000; 2000WO-US02962.
 XX PR 04-FEB-1999; 99US-0118634.
 PR 02-MAR-1999; 99US-0122372.
 PR 17-MAR-1999; 99US-0124905.
 PR 27-APR-1999; 99US-0131121.
 XX (UYGE-) UNIV GEORGIA RES FOUND INC.
 PA (CORR) CORNELL RES FOUND INC.
 PA (CLAR/) CLARK T G.
 PA (DICK/) DICKERSON H W.
 PA (LINT/) LIN T.
 XX PI Clark TG, Dickerson HW, Lin T;
 XX DR WPI; 2000-506071/45.
 XX PT Novel i-antigen polypeptides and polynucleotides from Ichthyophthirius
 PT multifiliis, useful for prophylaxis and treatment of Ichthyophthirius
 PT infection in fish.
 XX Disclosure; Figure 12; 144pp; English.
 PS XX This invention relates to novel i-antigen polypeptide sequences.
 CC CC I-antigens or immobilisation antigens are common to a variety of
 CC CC hymenostomatid ciliates and their expression varies in response to
 CC CC environmental stimuli. This invention relates to i-antigens in
 CC Ichthyophthirius multifiliis, a protozoan which is an obligate parasite
 CC CC of freshwater fish causing ichthyophthiriasis or white spot disease. The
 CC CC invention includes two polypeptide and polynucleotide sequences for two
 CC CC i-antigens, of 48 and 55 kD. Also included in the invention are
 CC CC antibodies capable of binding to the nucleotide sequences and a method
 CC CC for identifying I. multifiliis serotypes using the nucleotide sequences.
 CC A composition (containing the i-antigen nucleotide) capable of eliciting
 CC an immune response in fish is useful for prophylaxis, treatment or for
 CC controlling I. multifiliis infection in fish. Polynucleotide or protein
 CC vaccines comprising a portion of the amplified product encoding an
 CC antigenic i-antigen polypeptide obtained is also useful for treating or

